

The Delicita Eagle.

M. M. MURDOCK, Editor and Proprietor.
WICHITA, THURSDAY, NOV. 14, 1872.

It is now said to be doubtful whether Mr. Sumner will return to take his seat in the United States senate this winter. His most intimate friends in Washington say he will not sail for home this month, as has been stated.

While the good people in Kansas are looking upon the Arkansas valley as the frontier of our state, the upper part of that valley in Colorado is swarming with settlers. Pueblo county has just had its first agricultural fair at Pueblo City. The fair grounds embraced one hundred and twenty acres, a fantastically fenced, laid its race track, "the finest one of the Mississippi," its art hall, monstrous vegetables, short-horn cattle, fine horses and one hundred and twenty sheep.

The German evacuation from French territory is complete. The troops have gone out of Rheims and the town of Vitry, the last posts retained by the Prussians. Alsace and Lorraine have become parts of the German empire; but France has shown that she has vitality enough to pay her debts, and exist without them. The recuperative powers of France are wonderful. Already she sees her way to pay off the German indemnity, and has good prospects before her, if the Government will remain stable.

The Kansas City Journal of Commerce says that it is certain that the slaughter and packing of beef at that point will fall far short of the business in that line done last year. Only one firm is doing any considerable amount, and they will not dispose of more than twelve or fifteen hundred head.

Apples cost as much in Kansas as they did seventeen years ago, when the first settlers came here. Why is this? Simply because the production of this kind of fruit has not kept pace with the increase of population. Nor will it for twenty years to come. Larger orchards and more of them are needed.

A dispatch comes from New York announcing that the Woodhull and Claflin firms are thoroughly frightened at the prospect of the penitentiary, and that if the suits against them are withdrawn they will make full retractions, and confess that they lied maliciously in regard to Mr. Beecher, Chittis and others.

The boys who go swimming at the bridge at the city of Wichita, with nothing but moles on their backs, have given the EAGLE much trouble during the past season.—*Leavenworth Times*. Mistaken. It was not of boys with moles on their backs that we were complaining, but of those who with nothing but moles on their backs should have been the mothers of boys.

Col. G. P. Smith, publisher of the *Southwest*, has bought a half interest in the *Democratic Standard*, and will soon remove to Lawrence and take editorial control. He says it shall preach liberal republicanism, with no taint of democracy. It is also rumored that the *Spirit of Kansas* either has or will very soon pass into the hands of Hon. E. G. Ross, and that Mr. Kallioch will turn his attention to legislating for Kansas exclusively.

SUMNER COUNTY.

The canvass of the vote in Sumner county shows the republican majority of the county exceeded three hundred. Owing to local and other circumstances of the two parties were generally successful. C. A. Hohnsacker, liberal, beat G. M. Miller, republican, three votes. C. Niles, republican, was elected county attorney; J. W. McDonald, liberal, probate judge; L. K. Myers, liberal, clerk of district court; Thos. H. Mason, republican, superintendent of public instruction; John G. Davis, liberal, sheriff. Atwood's majority over Campbell, judge of district court was 141. Murdock's majority over Payne, for state senator was 47. It is to be hoped hereafter that the republicans of Sumner county may work in harmony.

RAILROAD TAX.

We have heard some talk and discussion touching a probability that Harvey county would refuse to pay her proportion of the bonds of the Wichita and Southwestern railroad. We apprehend no such difficulty or action on the part of the authorities in Harvey county. The act creating the county of Harvey, provides for such a contingency in the following language, and if the act is an amendment, then there is no such a county as Harvey:

"The territory detached from the county of Sedgewick, and made part of the county of Harvey by this act, shall not in anywise be relieved from its obligation to pay its proportion of all indebtedness of Sedgewick county, which bonds so detached shall pay the same proportion of said indebtedness as the Wichita and Southwestern railroad within the county of Harvey bears to the entire length of said railroad between Newton and Wichita."

The act further provides how the taxes shall be raised, and how paid over. There is no mistaking the language. If the act should be declared unconstitutional, Harvey county would be resolved into Sedgewick again, a thing hardly reasonable. We write this for the satisfaction of some who claim to be incredulous, for we don't suppose the authorities ever contemplated a dodge of their responsibility.

THE IMMEDIATE RESULT.

The New York Tribune says: Gen. Grant was yesterday re-elected to the presidency by the popular vote of every northern state, with those of South Carolina, and possibly of two or three other states below the line. We judge that his strength in the electoral college will, at the very lowest, rise to 250 out of the whole 368. There is scarcely a parallel to the completeness of the rout and the triumph. Democrats have voted with liberal republicans in contributing to it, some of them by voting directly for Grant electors; many more by neglecting to vote at all. For the present the liberal movement seems crushed.

BOSTON IN FLAMES.

The telegraphic wires flashed the startling intelligence throughout the land on last Saturday and Sunday that the metropolis of New England was in flames, consuming the leading woolen and leather establishments of the United States. All day Sunday new dispatches were hourly received by the associate press, telling of the onward sweep of the fire, the flames that destroyed the proudest city in the west only a few short months ago. All night Saturday, all day Sunday, Sunday night, and Monday till 12 o'clock, the fire swept on, blocks upon blocks, street upon street, and places were as rapidly involved in one common ruin.

The fireman were driven from one station to another, and from one barricade to another; blocks of granite weighing tons, were burst to pieces, burning planks and goods went flying through the air setting still other blocks and buildings on fire, until the people became frantic and fled for their lives. The same scenes that were witnessed in Chicago, were re-enacted in Boston.

The entire heart of the great city is burned out, nothing left but a mass of smoking ruins. All the residences of Fort Hill, including Gridley, High, Learned streets, were destroyed, rendering thousands of families homeless and destitute.

The amount of ground burned over was estimated at two hundred acres at 12 o'clock on Monday, making a grand total loss of upwards of one hundred millions of dollars.

The Chicago fire may have been greater in extent, but it is claimed not so great in value. We await anxiously further news which we expect by to-morrow's mail.

The *Topkapi Commonwealth* and *Leavenworth Times*, both issued extracts for the prompt receipt of which they have our thanks.

The fire was got under complete control by blowing up all buildings in its path. Many of the insurance companies of the East must go by the board. The total loss to the city is ascertained by estimates of insurance companies to be over \$100,000,000. Thousands have been thrown out of employment. Chicago sent \$100,000 to the sufferers. The mayors of all the larger cities are telegraphing that they will send aid immediately.

Gold went up to 1.33 on Monday, but the secretary of the treasury and other financial men were using every endeavor to prevent a panic.

THE HORSE DISEASE.

The Chicago *Inter-Ocean* thinks that a reasonable explanation of the prevailing horse epidemic in the United States may be found in the marked difference in the weather prevailing in the years 1871 and 1872. The year 1871 was an exceptionally dry one all over the country, in New England, New York, and more particularly in the northwest. The year 1872, on the other hand, is exceptionally wet, with prevailing northeast and southeast winds. The disease is one that affects those organs—the throat and lungs—most likely to be affected by humidity in the atmosphere. The question is whether it is not produced by these extreme atmospheric changes which we have lately experienced. At any rate, it is evidently propagated by atmospheric currents, and aggravated, if not superinduced, by northeast and southeast winds.

WICHITA GRADED SCHOOLS.

Conditions: 1. Always present. 2. Never tardy. 3. Unexceptionable in conduct. 4. Good in lessons. HORN SCHOOL—Jossie Pittenger, Allie Davidson, John Packer, Saide Thomas, Jessie Mathews, Lida Royal Linton, Louise Caldwell, Chas. Bates, Francis Magee, Joshua Yates, Alonzo Devesh, Annie Patterson—Helen M. Fees, assistant.

INTERMEDIATE—Lola Bates, Alice Hilton, Clara Jenkins, Nettie Mizen, Mollie Miller, Lucy Magee, Rachael Royal, Pattie Todd, William Adams, Eddie Lamb, Robert Moore, Medford Devesh, William Devesh—Lida W. Tucker, teacher.

PRIMARY—Annie White, Charles Miller, Charles Clark, Claud Nell, Ernest Harris, Edith Clark, Lucy Lund, Lewis Clarke, Lincoln Magee, Minnie Wright, Thomas Moore, George English, Willie Martin—Lizzie Higday, teacher. JOHN TUCKER, Supt.

A one-armed man in Salem lately applied for a divorce on the ground that the hand he had given to his wife in marriage was lost.

A man by the name of Ashmore, a druggist in Topeka, shot and killed his wife on Wednesday evening of last week. No cause is given for the murder, except some trouble with his wife. He was drunk.

THANKSGIVING.

Proclamation by the Mayor of the City of Wichita.

WHEREAS, The revolution of another year has brought an autumn crowned with plenty; and WHEREAS, The people of Wichita have good cause to be thankful for the peace and prosperity of the past year; and WHEREAS, It becomes a prosperous and happy people to consider the source from their blessings flow.

Now, therefore, I recommend that the people of Wichita meet at their usual place of worship on Thursday, November 28th, to render thanks to Almighty God for the peace, prosperity and blessing that have crowned our city for the past year.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the city to be affixed.

Done at the city of Wichita this 12th day of November, 1872.

F. R. ALLEN, Mayor.

Attest: GEORGE S. HENRY, Clerk.

A family passed through the city yesterday bound for Wichita. The outfit, complete in every particular, was carried in a Missouri gunboat, and fixed up as easily as a well-appointed cabin. Besides the indispensable domestic appliances of a dog and cat, were a coop of chickens, a cook stove, a feather bed, a coal oil lamp, a chair, kettles, and even a stick for stirring apple butter. The mother of the household, a lady of about 40, perfectly happy, and totally indifferent as to whether the excursion ever reached its destination or not.—*Commonwealth*.

For the Wichita Eagle.

"Your Money's Worth."

Mr. Editor—Believing it the legitimate office of every newspaper to ventilate all subjects concerning the common welfare, I beg space in your local, for one of the items of travel on my way to this young city.

Train-boys have become an indispensable commodity, furnishing fresh news to the travelling community, (at double price), and distributing the several corners of popular novels, stale peanuts, fresh oranges, wormy chestnuts, figs, etc., with a margin left for Hick's portfolio. For this trial of your luck, you pay fifty cents, for a conspicuously printed cover-list of most wonderful contents, rated at retail price, \$1.00. What a temptation! You are promised on the embellished and fanciful cover, "a prize," from ten cents up to two dollars and a half, in gold; marvellous! Now if you are in search of information, and haven't cut your wisdom teeth, be sure and buy this last "portfolio." Open it, and you will find damaged and inferior note paper, in all not worth five cents, ten times, inferior envelopes, never costing by the package over ten cents per dozen, making 4 cents; then comes one sheet of blotting paper, rated at the value of one-fourth of a mill at retail rates; one penholder, five cents, which you can buy anywhere for two cents get a better article; one steel pen, one pocket almanac, five cents, a simple condensed table, covering not more than three by four inches; one hundred receipts and fifty popular songs each ten cents for the compilation and a map of Chicago, showing the burning district, rated at fifty cents. The receipts, map and songs are now to be found in any daily print or illustrated newspaper, which is sold where printed, at five cents a copy.

As an offset to this, you receive ten cents in scrip. The whole contents are not of money value equal to thirty cents; which amount would purchase better articles elsewhere. Now this is small fry, one may think, and especially for newspaper discussion, but it shows how young men and boys may be educated for fraud, and the worst shades of dishonest traffic. These are the little seeds, which, planted in the habits of the young, develop them as gamblers and knaves. This is one of those harmless ways of selling the victim, which though practiced by older heads, and in respectable places, has become the bane of honest dealing and commercial success. We really think that every such fraud, wherever found, should be nipped in the bud, or this nation will grow a harvest of swindlers such as no modern age has produced. It is a subject of vital interest, and especially as regards the future of our country, and our name. There is no sentiment we stand so much in need of, for a practical impulsive rule, as this, "Honesty is the best policy."

Truly, M. J. W.

Convention in Western Kansas.

We, citizens of Western Kansas, desiring the early development of this part of the state, earnestly request and invite the people residing in the several counties west of and including the counties of Marshall, Pottawatomie, Wabanssee, Lyon, Greenwood and Howard, to choose delegates to a convention to be held at Solomon City, Dickinson county, on the 11th day of December, 1872, for the purpose of considering such questions of a general character as will tend to accomplish the development of the country, and to consider other questions as will tend to advance the material interests of this portion of the state.

It is recommended that each county west of the line indicated be allowed two votes in the convention, and that the delegates be chosen at mass meetings held at the several county-seats on the 30th day of November. A full journal of the proceedings of the convention is to be published, and that no county will send less than three delegates.

J. R. Mead, M. M. Murdock, Sedgewick county.
S. D. Houston, L. R. Elliott, R. C. Walter, R. J. Harper, Riley county.
E. J. Jenkins, J. M. Hagman, F. McNelly, Cloud county.
D. L. Payne, Daniel Ainsworth, Harvey county.
V. P. Wilson, T. C. Henry, T. Augustine, Dickinson county.
N. S. Horsey, Chase county.
R. P. Mobley, Ottawa county.
D. R. Wagstaff, Saline county.
Welcome Wells, Pottawatomie county.

T. B. Murdock, Butler county.
The railroad interests, the peculiarities of the climate and soil, the scarcity of timber, and the difficulties that confront the early settlers of Western Kansas, and all questions on which the convention may well deliberate, suggest and decide.

In 1852 the eastern portion of this state met in convention at Topeka to consider and determine on some railroad lines; and they agreed substantially on the lines now in operation in that part of the state. On these roads, including the Kansas Pacific and the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe, the entire transportation of the state is being handled, and yet more than half the state is entirely destitute of facilities for commerce. The roads they are being built under the bond system. In the northwest alone you can traverse a rich belt of country three hundred miles in length by almost one hundred in width not penetrated by a single line of road. The same is true of the Southwest.

This question, and the consideration of the best means to enable the people to successfully carve a state out of what has hitherto been deemed the "Great American Desert," is the object for which this convention is held. It is hoped that each county will send at least one delegate to participate in the deliberations.—*Manhattan Beacon*.

Horrible Affray.

Before closing our forms for press this morning one of the most bloody affray, within the limits and before the eyes of an enlightened community took place in this city, we have ever as a journalist, been permitted to put in print. We have to chronicle the murdering of Geo. Halliday, Esq., a well known, highly esteemed and prominent citizen of this city, by M. J. Fitzpatrick, one of the most noted murderers and wicked men in the county, especially under the influence of drink which has caused more untimely deaths than any other thing.

Fitzpatrick had been upon a drunk for perhaps two weeks, and until that wicked nature of his had begun to overtake him, he had been a respectable citizen, and a good neighbor, and all such actions as are generally found in a citizen of his name, when drunk.

He had been in the Gold Room saloon in this state of mind with pistol in hand and there he met Mr. Halliday, who was also intoxicated. Some trifling words passed between them, for they were ordinary good friends, when Fitzpatrick struck him aside the head with a revolver, at the same time he pulled it down to his breast and missed fire once, pulled it again and it was discharged, killing Mr. Halliday almost instantly. After this Fitzpatrick walked into the street defying any person to attempt to touch him. Crowds of men immediately rushed to satisfy themselves as to the affair, and in two minutes after fifty men ran for firearms and swore him death. Marshal Brown, who was on duty, immediately attempted to arrest the murderer, who immediately drew the revolver on him also. Calmly surveying the situation the marshal sprang the street, bore a Henry rifle and in another minute put an end to his existence—shooting Fitzpatrick dead in the street nearly in front of Hannell & Co's store.

A committee was in fifteen minutes thereafter organized, the names of several hard cases and their routes taken down, and what could be found were ordered to leave town and to stay away. We think this committee means what they say, and will not let it pass away with the excitement. While we lament the death of Mr. Halliday, we believe this has been one of the best days our thriving young city has ever seen. Our respectable and law-abiding citizens have taken the matter into their own hands, and will see that hereafter Newton shall give no shelter to men who live by murdering and robbing good people, but shall win that reputation near and far that shall be to an honor and not a disgrace.

Mr. Halliday was a Scotchman by birth and came to Topeka about twenty years ago, where he resided up to twelve months ago when he moved to this place, and has been engaged in the land and law business. He leaves a young wife to mourn his loss. His remains will be taken to Topeka for interment.—*Newton Kansan*.

The heart is a nursery of the tenderest plants to which the least child of ten proves most destructive.

Experience is a flannel waistcoat that we do not think of putting on until we have caught cold.

Proceedings of the Board of County Commissioners.

WICHITA, Nov. 8, A. D. 1872.

Present, Sol. H. Kohn, R. A. Neely, and C. R. Redfield.

The Board proceeded to canvass the returns of votes cast at the general election held November 2nd, 1872, which resulted as follows:

For President and Vice-President Electors: GRANT AND WILSON.

Charles H. Langston 988
John G. Culbreth 982
Louis W. Meritt 986
William Smith 982

For Governor: GRANT AND WILSON.

Pardee Butler 484
William Palmer 480
C. W. Giles 482
S. A. Ziegler 484
J. W. Harker 480

For State Auditor: GRANT AND WILSON.

Thomas Osborne 1,070
Thaddeus Walker 671

Total for Osborn 1,741

For Lieutenant Governor: GRANT AND WILSON.

Elias S. Stover 901
John Walcott 485

Total for Stover 1,386

For Secretary of State: GRANT AND WILSON.

H. B. Smallwood 981
F. J. Wacker 482

Total for Smallwood 1,463

For State Auditor: GRANT AND WILSON.

P. W. Wilder 492
D. W. Osborn 490

Total for Wilder 982

For State Treasurer: GRANT AND WILSON.

Joseph H. Hayes 986
C. H. Pratt 480

Total for Hayes 1,466

For County Judge: GRANT AND WILSON.

S. A. Kingman 497
H. C. McComas 415

Total for Kingman 912

For Attorney General: GRANT AND WILSON.

A. L. Williams 904
R. P. Waggoner 485

Total for Williams 1,389

For Superintendent Public Instruction: GRANT AND WILSON.

H. M. McCarty 903
T. J. Sawyer 484

Total for McCarty 1,387

For Congress: GRANT AND WILSON.

David P. Lowe 902
W. A. Phillips 902
Stephen Cook 480

Total for Lowe 1,804

For Representative: GRANT AND WILSON.

E. B. Allen 904
N. A. English 480

Total for Allen 1,384

For District Judge: GRANT AND WILSON.

W. P. Campbell 602
J. M. Atwood 674

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by William Overman against J. D. Osborn, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Samuel C. Goddard against Thomas E. Speer, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Edward D. Williams against Francis Shingler and J. B. Hoffman, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Isaac E. Allen against T. J. Willert for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Miss Ellen Allen against Marion G. Smith, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by William H. Harker against William H. Harker for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by William Overman against J. D. Osborn, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Samuel C. Goddard against Thomas E. Speer, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by James H. Harker against John R. Cooper for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.

W. S. JENKINS, Register.

J. C. REDFIELD, Receiver.

U. S. LAND OFFICE.

Notice. Complaint having been entered at this office by Edward D. Williams against Francis Shingler and J. B. Hoffman, for obtaining a false certificate of land, to-wit: section 1, township 20 south, range 2 east, in Sedgewick county, Kansas, with a view to the cancellation of said entry, the said parties are hereby summoned to appear at this office on the 15th day of December, 1872, at 10 o'clock a. m., to respond and furnish testimony concerning said alleged abandonment.